Diagnosis of Erythema



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Characteristics

- **Redness of the skin**. Occurs when the blood capillaries near the skin surface are congested or dilated.[1]
- Can vary from pink to dark red or violaceous.
- Typically blanchable with pressure.
- Often associated with skin inflammation but can also occur in absence of inflammation.

Causes/Etiology

- Erythema can be caused by many triggering events or underlying conditions, including infections and skin diseases.[1,2]
- In foslevodopa/foscarbidopa subcutaneous infusion pump users, erythema may be related to the catheter or the adhesive used in the device.[3]
- Erythema may also be caused by an inflammatory reaction to the infused medication.



1. Yang Y, Wu X, Liu W. Scar Symptom: Erythema and Thickness. 2020 Dec 8. In: Téot L, Mustoe TA, Middelkoop E, Gauglitz GG, editors. Textbook on Scar Management: State of the Art Management and Emerging Technologies [Internet]. Cham (CH): Springer; 2020. Chapter 11. PMID: 36351101; 2. Mosby. Mosby's Medical Dictionary. 11th ed. St. Louis, MO: Elsevier; 2021. ISBN-13: 978-0-323-63915-6; 3. Cichoń M, Trzeciak M, Sokołowska-Wojdyło M, Nowicki RJ. Contact Dermatitis to Diabetes Medical Devices. *Int J Mol Sci*. 2023;24(13):10697.